FINAL PROJECT TOPICS FOR CLASS 10 : CIVICS

1. Coalition government days are over in India. Comment.
2. Coalition government days are over in India . Comment.
3. Keeping in mind the election results since May 2014 do you think there will be no place for coalition governments in India.
4. Keeping in mind the election results since May 2014 do you think there will be no place for coalition governments in India.
5. Should there be one party dominated politics in India?
6. Should there be one party dominated politics in India?
7. Should the politics in India be dominated by only one party?
8. Should the politics in India be dominated by only one party?
9. In today’s political scenario; has the prominence of the regional parties reduced?
10. In today’s political scenario; has the prominence of the regional parties reduced?
11. Will the influence of the regional parties and the regional leaders reduce in the forthcoming years in India?
12. Will the influence of the regional parties and the regional leaders reduce in the forthcoming years in India?
13. Discus the new format for the appointment of Judges to the Supreme Court & High Court.
14. What do you understand by Judicial Activism . Explain with examples.
15. What do you understand by Judicial Activism. Explain with examples.
16. Has the independence of the Judiciary from the control of the Executive led to the interference by the Judiciary in the Executive.
17. Has the independence of the Judiciary from the control of the Executive led to the interference by the Judiciary in the executive.
18. What do you think are the causes of delayed justice in India.
19. What do you think are the causes of delayed justice in India.
20. “Justice delayed is Justice denied.” In the context of the Indian Judiciary examine this statement.
21. “Justice delayed is Justice denied.” In the context of the Indian Judiciary examine this statement.
22. Have the Lok Adalts been as effective as they were envisaged?
23. Have the Lok Adalts been as effective as they were envisaged?
24. Differentiate between the Criminal Courts and the Sessions Court in details with examples.
25. Differentiate between the session/ civil court and the Revenue Court in details with examples.
26. Explain the distinction between the Cabinet and the Council of Ministers.
27. Have the Lok Adalts been able to give speedy justice to the common man.
28. Explain the concept of fast track courts in the Indian Judiciary system.
29. Explain the concept of fast track courts in the Indian Judiciary system.
30. How can a non member of parliament become a Cabinet Minister, for how long and for how many terms?
31. What is the latest sequence for the Question Hour and the Zero Hour in the parliament and reasons for changing the sequence recently.
32. Differentiate between Presidential promulgation and ordinance.
33. Explain why there is no leader of opposition in the present Lok Sabha
34. Explain why there is no leader of opposition in the present Lok Sabha
35. What are the rules with regards to the convicted Members of Parliament.
36. In details explain the anti defection law as related to the Lok Sabha.
37. Explain is details in the Joint parliamentary Session.
38. What is a JPC? Explain in details with examples.
39. What is a suspended house in terms of the Lok Sabha. Explain in details.
40. What does a MP (Lok Sabha) cost to the country in one year. What is the annual fund required by a nation to maintain an MP (Lok Sabha) ?
41. What is a Court of Record and how do the orders of that court affect the law of the land.
42. Should the office of the Prime Minister be merged with the President of India ? Discuss.
43. Should the office of the Prime Minister be merged with the President of India? Discuss.
44. Will a Presidential system of Government suit India better? Examine in details.
45. Will a Presidential system of Government suit India better? Examine in details.
46. How and when can the Vice President become permanently / temporarily be the President of the country? Discuss.
47. Discuss the extension of the term of the Lok Sabha.
48. What is the procedure for forming a new State in India.
49. Make a chart of various % ages of votes required for passing bills/ resolution in the Rajya Sabha & the Lok Sabha.

S.No. Subject/Event %age of Vote Required Total of whose %age Required

1. Discuss in details issue of Ordinance and validity thereof, consequence of issue of Ordinance.
2. Discuss the powers of the President which he can exercise without the advice of the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.
3. Discuss the procedure of the impeachment of the President and the application of the same for the removal of the Vice President.
4. Discuss in details the Finance Commission of India.
5. The President may declare an emergency in a State, if he is convinced of the breakdown of the constitutional machinery in the State. In this context, answer the (following questions:

(a) When can such an emergency be proclaimed? Why such an emergency is often referred to as President's Rule?

(b) What is the duration of such an emergency? State two conditions under which such an emergency can be extended beyond one year.

(c) State the effect of the emergency on the administration of the State.

1. The Constitution provides for a Council of Ministers to aid and advice the President. In this context, answer the following questions:

(a) What are the various categories of Ministers? Briefly mention the role of each category of Minister.

(b) How does the Parliament exercise an effective control over the Council of Ministers?

(c) Explain the Collective Responsibility of the Council of Ministers.

1. The Supreme Court is the 'Guardian of the Constitution'. In this context, answer the following:

(a) In what way is the Supreme Court the guardian of the Fundamental Rights?

(b) Explain the meaning and scope of Original Jurisdiction.

(c) Explain how the independence of the Judges of the Supreme Court is ensured by the Constitution.

1. Through pictorial representations enumerate all the powers of the President of India under different heads.
2. Compare the pros and cons of having a President and a Governor in India in relation to their duties, functions, powers and other aspects.
3. Name all the Prime Ministers of India and highlight the achievements of the country during their tenure. The chronological order be from one general election to the other. (For repeated prime ministers achievements be enumerated term wise.)
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5. Should the Rajya Sabha and the State Legislative Councils (where existing) be abolished. Examine.
6. Should the Rajya Sabha and State Legislative Councils (where existing) be abolished. Examine.
7. Discuss the functions and functioning of the Prime Minister namely Shri Manhmohan Singh as the UPA Prime Minister in the last five years of tenure with Mrs Sonia Gandhi being the UPA Chairperson?
8. Discuss the functions and functioning of the Prime Minister namely Shri Manhmohan Singh as the UPA Prime Minister in the last five years of tenure with Mrs Sonia Gandhi being the UPA Chairperson?
9. Against the background of independence and impartiality of the judiciary. Discuss Judicial Activism against Effective Judiciary?
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11. Discuss the duties, powers and functions of the speaker of the Lok Sabha in relation to Shri SomNathChatterji being expelled from the Communist Party.
12. Discuss the duties, powers and functions of the speaker of the Lok Sabha in relation to Shri SomNathChatterji being expelled from the Communist Party.
13. In spite of having a well formulated, defined and structured judiciary discuss why relief to common man through the Indian Judicial system is not forthcoming?
14. If the Supreme Court is the highest seat of justice in India, is the International Court of Justice the highest court in the World. Discuss and compare the functioning and jurisdictions of the two courts.
15. Discuss the General emergency article 352 in relation with the causes, effects and consequences of the last declared emergency in India on 25 Jun 1975.
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17. Discuss with examples the increase in unruly behaviour in the Parliament and the various State Assemblies, causes, reasons for not being able to control such incidents and your suggestions to deal with this trend.
18. Discuss with examples the increase in unruly behaviour in the Parliament and various State Assemblies, causes, reasons for not being able to control such incidents and your suggestions to deal with this trend.
19. Make out a detailed chart of the Union Council of Ministers with portfolios, departments contact details etc as on 15 Nov 2014.
20. Enumerate the qualifications (comparison) for becoming a member of the Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad. Discuss the fact that these qualifications are allowing undesirable people to occupy high posts in the country, resulting in lowering the standard of administration. Make out your own qualifications for the four posts differently to ensure educated, well meaning people occupy high offices.
21. Enumerate the qualifications (comparison) for becoming a member of the Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, Vidhan Sabha and VidhanParishad. Discuss the fact that these qualifications are allowing undesirable people to occupy high posts in the country, resulting in lowering the standard of administration. Make out your own qualifications for the four posts differently to ensure educated, well meaning people occupy high offices.
22. Give out the Anti Defection Law in details. Analyse the short comings in the act which prevents the attraction of the law to defecting MPs/MLAs. Explain how the MPs/MLAs change parties without being prosecuted under this law.
23. Discuss the practicality of the Quasi-federal structure setup in India.
24. Discuss the practicality of the Quasi-federal structure setup in India.
25. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of merging the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha into one common house of the Parliament.
26. President being the supreme commander of the Armed forces of India still cannot exercise and execute power over them. Discuss.
27. President being the supreme commander of the Armed forces of India still cannot exercise and execute power over them. Discuss.
28. Discuss the various aspects of the Original Appellate settlement of disputes as related to the High court and the Supreme court.
29. Multi-tiered layers of appeal opportunity in the Indian Judicial System is one of the major causes for delay in delivering justice. Discuss.
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31. Explain in details the selection procedure for the President of India, to include the composition of the Electoral College, the value of vote and a single transferable vote.
32. Discuss the “Constitutional Division of Power” as envisaged by the constitution of India.
33. Do you think that having a State List and a Concurrent List only creates confusion and strains the Centre-State relationship.
34. Do you think that having a state list and a concurrent list only creates confusion and strains the Centre-State relationship.
35. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of an Unitary form of government and a Federal form of government. Is Quasi-federal system the best form?
36. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of an Unitary form of government and a Federal form of government. Is Quasi-federal system the best form?
37. Discuss why Fundamental Rights are not absolute.
38. Explain in details the Parliamentary form of government and compare it with the various other forms of government available in the world.
39. Explain in details the Parliamentary form of government and compare it with the various other forms of government available in the world.
40. Make a comparative study on the broad aspects of the political system of India and Pakistan.
41. Make a comparative study on the broad aspects of the political system of India and Pakistan.
42. Does the collective responsibility of the members of the cabinet hamper the decision making of the government?
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